



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Regulation of Garages is of course of intense interest to every owner of an automobile. The note upon the new subject of Workmen's Combinations, page 308, is also interesting and valuable.

A rather novel case is reported, with a valuable note, on page 347, where an individual Jew sued for damages against a lecturer who attacked the entire Jewish population of Quebec. There is much division of authority upon this question, but most of the authorities recognize that an intent to injure certain individuals belonging to a class can be inferred from defamatory statements of publication, and therefore the individuals, or an individual, of the class can maintain an action for libel or slander.

A note on page 396 gives very full information as to what annoying acts of a third person will justify a tenant in moving. On page 97 is a valuable note upon the somewhat novel question as to the effect of error in the name of a party to a recorded instrument. One will be surprised to find how much authority there is upon this subject.

Those who do much shooting will be interested in the note on page 1152 as to the right to shoot in navigable waters.

This volume is in every way equal to its predecessors and in some respects even more entertaining and valuable.

Commercial Land Titles—Portion of an address delivered before the thirty second annual session of the Georgia Bar Association at St. Simons Island, Georgia, June 4, 1915.—By Eugene C. Massie of Richmond, Va., author of "Torrens System," 6 VA. LAW REG. 215; Same 11 VA. LAW REG. 649, 717, 740, in Virginia Law Review for November, 1915.

Mr. Massie in this address continues his advocacy of the Torrens System and vigorously points out the disadvantages of the present land-title law, as he has previously done in articles on this subject published in the LAW REGISTER under the above citations.—T. B. B.